#### **Limit of detection**

Laboratory analysis has demonstrated that tests are positive for clean water samples containing 100 CFU/Litre *Legionella pneumophila* serogroup 1. The limit of detection (LOD) of the water test is equivalent to 100 CFU/L when a 250 ml sample is filtered. If smaller volumes are processed the detection limit will be altered accordingly.

Suspended solid content in water samples affects filtration and test performance, including analytical sensitivity. Actual results will vary. Water samples with high levels of suspended solids may block filtration entirely. *L. pneumophila* serogroup 1 bacteria recovery from water samples can range from <10 to 100%, depending on water sample composition. This is similar to filtration concentration techniques used in other microbiological analysis methods.

The limit of detection of the swab test is 200 CFU/swabbed area.

### **Test operating limits**

The test has been evaluated for operation between 10-45°C (50–113°F). The test has been validated for samples that filter in less than 10 minutes. Samples requiring greater than 10 minutes to filter may give erroneous results. Samples requiring long periods to filter may be indicative of poor system maintenance.

A wide range of non-oxidizing biocides and biodispersants have been checked for cross reaction and interference with the test.

The test should not be used on systems treated with biguanide or tetrakis hydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate (THPS) based biocides.

#### Specificity

The test has been shown to be non-reactive with the following bacteria (at 1x108 organisms per sample):

- Acinetobacter
   Burkholderia cepacia
   calcoaceticus
   Citrobacter freundii

   Citrobacter freundii
- Aeromonas hydrophilaCitrobacter koserisubsp. HydrophilaEnterobacter cloacae
- Bacillus subtilis
   Escherichia coli

- Klebsiella oxytoca
- Pseudomonas
- aeruainosa
- Ralstonia pickettiiRaoultella terrigena

Pseudomonas stutzeri

- Pseudomonas
- Streptococcus
- fluorescens
- Streptococcus
   pyogenes
- Pseudomonas putida
- Yersinia ruckeri

Organism	≥cfu/mL
L.p Sg-2,3,8,11,13,14	1.00E+08
L.p. Sg-4,5,6,7,9,10,15	1.00E+07
L.p. Sg-12	8.00E+06
S.aureus	2.00E+08

The Hydrosense *Legionella pneumophila* Sg-1 test has been shown to produce weak positive results with other *Legionella pneumophila* serogroups and *S. aureus* at the cfu/mL stated in the above table.

#### Storage

The test is intended for storage at room temperature 18–22°C (64.4–71.6°F). Do not freeze. When stored correctly, the test will continue to operate within design specification, until the specified expiration date.

Do not use the test or the recovery buffer after the date specified on the packaging of the test. Do not use any test where the foil packaging is perforated.

#### Disposal

The test, filter, syringe and caps cannot be reused or recycled. The packaging materials and this instruction leaflet can be recycled.

#### Disclaimer

Hydrosense Ltd makes no warranties or representations regarding performance of the products, or that the products are merchantable or fit for a particular purpose. Hydrosense Ltd expressly disclaims all other warranties and representations, express or implied, or which arise by operation of law or otherwise.

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HY ENG-100207-170719



# TESTING □NBOARD ●



# Risk Assessment Legionella Field Test™ Kit

Instructions

This kit is designed to test for Legionella in water and biofilms in risk areas identified by CDC\* such as:

Domestic and industrial hot and cold water systems. Cooling towers and water tanks.

Decorative fountains, hot tubs and pools.

Sinks and showers.

\*Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Misters, sprinklers, air washers, humidifiers and others.

Risk Assessment Legionella Field Test product code 100202

### Overview

This test is used to detect the presence of *Legionella pneumophila* serogroup 1 bacteria in water samples from a wide range of sources. The test operates via a Lateral Flow Immunochromatographic Assay (LFICA). Each kit contains the following:

4 x individual foil wrapped LFICA tests each with exact volume pipette.

2 x hollow fibre filters.

2 x syringes containing recovery buffer.

2 x swabs.

2 x pre-filled vials.

2 x 60 ml syringes.

The product is intended for use as part of an overall water treatment, management and risk reduction approach and, as all testing methods including lab culture testing, should NOT be used as the sole method for assessing risks associated with *Legionella* bacteria.

This test is intended for the analysis of water and biofilm samples only. It is NOT intended for the diagnostic testing, in a clinical or medical situation, of Legionnaires' Disease in humans.







For optimum results the test should be performed at room temperature. The foil wrapping should NOT be opened until immediately prior to running the test. If the foil is opened and the test is NOT performed within 60 minutes discard the test.

# BIOFILM SWAB TESTS Step 1. Collect biofilm sample

Identify an appropriate location from which to obtain a biofilm sample. Large systems may need to be sampled and tested at multiple locations. The recommended minimum area to swab is 10 cm<sup>2</sup>. If the surface to be sampled is dry then pre-moisten the swab by dipping it in the pre-filled vial. Wipe the swab across the area to be tested.

Insert the swab into the pre-filled vial and snap off the swab handle.

#### Step 2. Recover the bacteria

Screw on the lid and shake the vial from side to side for at least 20 seconds or until the swab has released the biofilm sample into the recovery buffer.

## Step 3. Add sample to the test strip

Remove the test strip from its foil wrapping, and place it on a flat surface. Take the pipette from the foil wrapping.

Place the open end of the pipette into the solution in the pre-filled vial, then squeeze and release the **top** bulb. This should draw the sample all the way up the long tube and may place a small amount of sample in the bottom bulb. This is excess and can be ignored. Avoid getting air bubbles in the tube. The pipette filling process may be repeated if necessary to remove air bubbles.

Incorrect use of the pipette can cause flooding of the test (too much sample added) or failure to run (insufficient sample added). See the YouTube video for further instructions: http://bit.ly/HydrosensePipette

Place the pipette over the small sample window at one end of the strip, and then squeeze the **top** pipette bulb again. This will dispense the correct amount of sample onto the test strip.

RECORD THE TIME. Allow the test to develop at room temperature for 25 minutes. Leave the test strip sitting on a flat surface during development.

# SYRINGE TESTS Step 1. Take a sample

Collect a water sample of at least 250 ml in a clean cup.

From the kit, take a 60 ml syringe and draw up 50–60 ml of the sample. Remove the Hollow Fibre Filter from the packaging and tighten the end cap. Next fix the filter onto the luer lock end of the filled 60 ml syringe. Now filter the sample over a sink or other waste water outlet. Repeat this process until all the 250 ml sample has been filtered. This should take no longer than 10 minutes.



Avoid generating aerosols when collecting or handling samples.

#### Step 2. Recover the bacteria

Disconnect the filter from the 60 ml syringe and discard the syringe. Hold the filter vertically with the cap at the top and the open end pointing towards the floor. Remove the cap and screw it onto the open (opposite) end of the filter (where you just fitted the 60 ml syringe). Now take the small red capped syringe of recovery buffer, remove the red cap and attach the syringe to the now open end of the filter with a twist and turn movement. Rotate the filter and the syringe so the syringe is at the bottom.

- a) Pull the small syringe plunger back to the 0.5 ml mark to resuspend the recovery buffer, then push the syringe all the way to the 0 ml mark.
- b) Repeat step (a) a further 2 times making 3 in total.
- c) Draw the syringe back to the 0.5 ml mark to collect the sample then slowly push the syringe plunger in to the 0.1ml mark. Avoid creating air bubbles in the collected 0.1ml sample. If necessary, push and pull the syringe plunger again to remove air bubbles. Disconnect the syringe from the hollow fibre filter.

 d) The syringe now contains 0.1 ml of a concentrated sample which is ready for testing.

#### Step 3. Add sample to test strip

Remove the test strip from its foil wrapping, and place it on a flat surface.

Before use, the test should have two pale blue lines across the result window.

Place the recovery buffer syringe over the small sample window at one end of the test strip. Depress the plunger to dispense the 0.1 ml of recovery buffer, containing any bacteria, onto the test strip.

RECORD THE TIME. Allow the test to develop at room temperature for 25 minutes. Leave the test strip sitting on a flat surface during development.

### INTERPRETING THE RESULTS

After 25 minutes, examine the test strip in good lighting. The free Hydrosense smartphone app can be used to read the test accurately and record test results. If the test is not read within 30 minutes of adding the water sample, it should be discarded and a new test should be run.

The test should show one of the following results in the large result window on the test strip:

 Two RED lines across the result window. The red line closest to the sample window may be very faint (pale pink). Any distinct line, no matter how faint should be considered to be a POSITIVE result.  One RED line across the result window at the end furthest from the sample window. This is a NEGATIVE result.

#### **Positive Results**

A positive test result indicates that *Legionella pneumophila* serogroup 1 was present in the sample above the detection limit. If a positive result is observed, consult your risk management plan or seek advice from a water management specialist immediately.

#### **Negative Results**

A negative result indicates that *Legionella pneumophila* serogroup 1 was not detected and the concentration was below the detection limit of the test.

#### **Invalid Tests**

In the unlikely event that a test does not show any red lines, or if it only shows a line at the end closest to the sample window, or if the line furthest from the sample window is very faint, then the test result is invalid. Repeat the test.

#### Performance Factors

The test does not differentiate between viable and non-viable organisms. The test will detect dangerous viable but non-culturable bacteria, which cannot be detected by traditional laboratory techniques. A positive result does not necessarily mean that viable bacteria are present.

A negative result does not mean that the system is completely free from risks associated with *Legionella* bacteria.

The test detects Legionella pneumophila serogroup 1.

You can visit www.hydrosense-legionella.com, contact your supplier or email hydrosense@albagaia.com to troubleshoot the test.

Watch the instructional videos at http://bit.ly/SingleKit http://bit.ly/SwabKit